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FOUR THOUSAND FOR FORESTS

GOVERNMENT GIVES MONEY TO STATE FOR PROTECTION OF WATER SHEDS.

TO EMPLOY PATROLMEN

General Assembly at Last Session Made Way For Important Work By Passage of Measures Creating Adequate Board of Forestry.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Frankfort.—For expenditures in the protection of water sheds of navigable streams from forest fires the State Forestry Department of Kentucky has received \$4,000 from the federal government, and it will be used this year for that purpose.

The appropriation is made under the Weeks law, which provides that the protection afforded must be confined to forested water sheds of navigable streams, the state must provide a law for a system of fire protection, and that the expenditures provided under the law shall not be greater than the amount appropriated by the state for the same purpose.

Kentucky is placing herself in the van of this important movement looking toward the protection of her forest resources and the conservation and regulation of the navigable waters of the state, depending on the forests.

Since the passage of the law by the last general assembly creating a state board of forestry, authorizing the employment of a state forester, and providing for an adequate forest policy in the state, Kentucky is in excellent position to take advantage of the federal government's aid, and the state forester is at the present time arranging the preliminary details with a view to having the cooperative agreement between the federal government and the state perfected before the first season within the state begins.

In accordance with the previous practice of the federal government, most of the funds allotted Kentucky will be expended in the employment of fire patrolmen and lookouts in those sections of the state where experience has shown the danger from fire is the greatest.

New Senator is Kentuckian.

W. M. Kavanaugh, who was elected United States Senator from Arkansas for the short term, is a brother of State Librarian Frank Kavanaugh, and a Frankfort boy. He was educated at the Kentucky Military Institute at Farmdale, this county, and went to Little Rock in 1886. He started as a reporter on the Gazette, and became successively city editor and managing editor. He is perhaps best known as president of the Southern Baseball League, but is head of the street railway system of Little Rock and of a trust company. He and his brother are projecting a water-power plant. Mr. Kavanaugh was appointed Sheriff of Pulaski county, by Governor, now Senator Clark, and later serving four years in that office was elected County Judge.

Shortage Is Made Good.

Paying to the state \$17,500, the Title Guarantee and Surety Co., of Saranton, Pa., settled by compromise the shortage of Judge C. E. Booe, the defaulting former assistant auditor. The full amount of his shortage was \$35,000. The peculations of Judge Booe began under Auditor Gus Coulter, and continued through the administration of former Auditor W. S. Hager and even under Auditor Frank P. James. The settlement was made through Col. Eli H. Brown, representing the surety company, with the sinking fund commission, and the \$17,500 was accepted because many of the peculations were of small amounts and were hard to account for. Judge Booe was paroled from prison and is in business in this city.

Verdict Reversed For Error.

The verdict for \$2,000 damages awarded the administrator of Dock Beavers in the Whiteley circuit court against the Proctor Coal Co. was reversed by the court of appeals for error in instructing the jury. Beavers, a miner, was killed two years ago by a fall of slate caused by blasting in the company's mine. The entry where he was working was in Tennessee, though the entrance to the mine was on the Kentucky side of the line.

Revenue Collections Record Broken.

January internal revenue collections at the deputy collector's office here broke all previous records. Collections amounted to \$236,575. The largest previous collection for one month, \$207,406, was in November, 1911.

Circuit Court Gives Orders.

The Franklin Circuit Court granted to J. E. Williams a mandatory injunction, requiring Gov. McCreary to issue to him a commission as County Judge of McCreary county. The case will be immediately appealed, as Gov. McCreary stated that he desired a court decision on the question involved in the construction of the Act of 1912, creating the new county.

The act authorized Gov. McCreary to appoint a full complement of officials for the new county, and stipulated that they should hold office until the next regular county election. While the regular election last November came after the creation of the county and the appointment of officials, it was not the year in which county officials are elected generally in Kentucky. County officials over the state will be elected next November, and Gov. McCreary construed the law to mean that the officials he appointed should hold until that time.

The Republicans in McCreary county nominated a ticket to fill the vacancies until next November and the returns showing that Williams had received a majority of the votes of the county, were certified to the Governor, who refused to issue the commission. Williams then asked the court for a mandatory injunction.

Rules on New County Officers.

Judge Stout in the Franklin circuit court sustained a demurrer to the answer of State Treasurer Thomas Rhea in the suit of Commission of Agriculture J. W. Newman to compel the treasurer to stamp an interest-bearing warrant for \$30,000 issued by the state auditor in favor of the state fair board. The warrant was issued under an appropriation made by the general assembly in 1912 to pay off notes of the state fair, payment of which had been guaranteed by sixty Louisville business men. The case will be appealed.

Judge Stout's opinion was not written. He held that the treasurer was purely a ministerial officer and must honor warrants issued by the auditor. Should the opinion be affirmed by the court of appeals, it would result in all the appropriations made by the last general assembly when the auditor had issued the warrants.

Judge Stout decided that the act of 1912 requiring the state to pay for bonds of state officials is invalid, as it was not signed by the president of the senate. A test suit was filed in the name of State Superintendent Barksdale Hamlett, who submitted his bond for approval and payment of the premium. The case will be appealed.

Losses Verdict Through Error.

Error in instructions caused a reversal of the Floyd Circuit Court by the Court of Appeals in a case in which Elizabeth Robinson had recovered \$500 damages on account of an exciting ride she had from Catlettsburg to her home in Harold, Floyd county, on the Chesapeake & Ohio. Her father, with whom she was sitting, and the conductor engaged in an altercation over her father's ticket, and her father was knocked against her and then put off the train. The conductor was afterward declared insane, and she sued the company, charging that assault and battery had been committed on her person. The court held that if she had been brought into physical contact with the participants during the fight by reason of one of them being knocked against her, that substantially fulfilled the statutory definition of assault and battery, but the trial court failed to give instructions to the jury to which the defense was entitled.

Will Keep Accounts at Penitentiary.

The individual accounts of prisoners in the State Reformatory and the Eddyville Penitentiary will be kept by the wardens instead of by the auditor's office. This plan was agreed upon at a conference between State Auditor H. M. Bosworth and Daniel E. O'Sullivan, chairman of the State Prison Commission. The percentage of revenue from prison labor set aside for the benefit of the prisoners will be issued in lump to the wardens by warrant on the treasury and the wardens will issue checks to the prisoners. This was considered the simpler method of handling the funds, as otherwise someone representing the prisoners would have to come to Frankfort from Eddyville and send an order for a warrant every time a prisoner wished to draw his money.

Teachers Must Wait For Money.

The teachers of the rural and city schools will not get their pay from the state promptly this month. Barksdale Hamlett, Superintendent of Public Instruction, made out warrants amounting to \$410,410.55 for the rural teachers and \$96,120.31 for the city teachers and sent them to the office of Treasurer Rhea to be honored. As there was no money in the treasury to pay the warrants they were laid aside until the money could be accumulated.

MEXICAN REZELLION STILL VERY SERIOUS



Reports from Mexico do not indicate that the federal government has accomplished much in the way of suppressing the insurrection. Our illustration shows six federal soldiers defending the municipal palace of Ayotzingo. The Zapatistas set the building on fire and the garrison, numbering twenty, perished in the flames.

WOMEN SENT TO JAIL

THIRTY-ONE ENGLISH SUFFRAGISTS GIVEN 14 DAYS IN PRISON.

"It is Now War to the Knife," Declares "Gen." Mrs. Drummond in Court.

London, Jan. 31.—Fourteen days in jail was sentence of "Gen." Mrs. Drummond and thirty other militant suffragettes Wednesday as the result of their determination to force David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer, to resign them of a deputation in the house of commons.

After they were sentenced that they would immediately start a "hunger strike."

The accused women were brought up at Bow street police court before Robert Marsham, police magistrate, and the same sentence was imposed on all of them.

Mrs. Drummond complained during the hearing that the police had handled her roughly when she was arrested. She declared the patrolmen had thrown her in the mud.

"It is now war to the knife," she told the magistrate and continued: "You and Mr. Lloyd-George have a lot of trouble ahead of you. You will have to do the dirty work, and you will have plenty of it."

The women all refused the option which was offered them of paying a fine instead of going to prison. Bow street police court looked like a busy railroad station when the suffragettes were arraigned. Most of the women had made preparations to go to prison. They carried boxes, bags, blankets and fur-lined coats.

"Bashi-bazoukesses" is the favorite nickname given by Londoners to the militant suffragettes.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES

London, Jan. 31.—At Christie's a sale of embroideries, brocades and velvets realized \$18,125 Wednesday. Baerl bought one Italian green velvet cape of foliage design and seventeenth century workmanship for \$762.

London, Feb. 1.—By a vote of 559 to 437, the national convention of the Labor party adopted a resolution to oppose any franchise reform bill which does not include a provision for votes for women here Thursday.

London, Feb. 1.—As a matter of form, the house of lords rejected the home rule bill by a vote of 326 to 99 Thursday night. Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Lord Willoughby de Broke and Lord Lansdowne made the final speeches against the bill.

U. S. AGAIN WARNS MEXICO

Reminder Sent by State Department That It Must Preserve Peace on Border.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The state department sent a sharp reminder to Mexico Thursday of its obligation to preserve peace on the American border. The note was prompted by reports of the threatening aspect of affairs in the vicinity of Juarez. General Steever has also been directed to enforce the general order by which is to "prevent any fighting at or near Juarez, or any place else, by which American lives and property may be endangered on this side of the border." The instructions to General Steever empower him to send a warning to the commanders of the rebel and the federal forces.

ALLIES END TRUCE

FORMAL NOTICE FROM THE BALKAN STATES IS GIVEN THAT ARMISTICE IS ENDED.

NEW QUIBBLE BY TURKEY

Porte's Reply on the Peace Terms Is Another Effort to Retain Adrianople Shores and Aegean Islands—Answer Is Unsatisfactory.

Constantinople, Feb. 1.—The Porte gave notice of termination of the armistice, the period of grace of four days to start at once.

The Turkish government displays a spirit of compromise in its reply to the note handed to it by the representatives of the European powers on January 17.

The response was presented by Mahomed Shekhet Pasha, the grand vizier, to Margrave Johann von Palavicini, dean of the diplomatic corps in the Turkish capital.

The porte stipulates for the retention by Turkey of those quarters of the fortress of Adrianople in which the holy shrines are situated. It proposes to leave the islands in the hands of the powers the disposal of the land on the right bank of the Maritza river, which runs through Adrianople. At the same time the Ottoman government consents to the dismantling of the fortifications of that city.

In reference to the Turkish islands in the Aegean sea the document insists on the maintenance of Turkish sovereignty there, owing to the proximity of the islands to the Turkish mainland, but it intimates the readiness of the Ottoman government to leave the settlement of the insular regime to the powers.

The reply takes note of the promises made by the European powers in their recent joint communication respecting the giving of aid in the future development of the territory of the Turkish empire.

The religious and historical grounds which compel the porte to stand out for the retention at all events of that portion of Adrianople containing the sacred shrines are recapitulated at the end of the reply, which is a long document, written in French.

London, Feb. 1.—"Emphatically the Turkish reply to the note of the European powers is not acceptable," was the comment made by Dr. Danell, leader of the Bulgarian peace delegation, when he was shown the terms of the Ottoman response.

London, Feb. 3.—The Balkan allies presented to the Turkish envoys a demand for \$200,000,000 war indemnity Friday. Of this amount \$75,000,000 is to cover the indebtedness of conquered Turkish territory.

The allies served notice that the indemnity would be increased if the war was resumed.

JAMES H. BERRY IS DEAD

Former U. S. Senator From Arkansas Succumbs at Bentonville After a Long Illness.

Fort Smith, Ark., Feb. 1.—James H. Berry, former United States senator and governor of Arkansas and one of the most brilliant statesmen in early political days of the state, died at his home at Bentonville Thursday. He was seventy-two years of age and had been ill for several weeks.

DUNNE NOW GOVERNOR

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF ILLINOIS IS INAUGURATED.

Reviews a Long Parade and Takes the Oath of Office in the State House.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 4.—A great concourse of people, mostly Democrats, from all sections of the state were in attendance on Monday at the inauguration ceremonies which included Edward F. Dunne into the office of governor. The ceremonies were quite elaborate, but in keeping with the occasion.

Officers and all the outgoing officers except Governor Deneen, gathered at the St. Nicholas hotel, and at 10:30 o'clock entered carriages and reviewed the long parade, which marched past the hotel. In it were political organizations from many cities and towns.

As the rear of the procession passed, the official party fell in behind and the whole assemblage proceeded through the downtown streets to the governor's mansion, where Governor and Mrs. Deneen joined it. The parade then moved on to the north door of the state house, where it divided to allow the carriages to drive between the ranks. The new officers alighted, and, with their wives, went at once to the floor of the house. There, precisely at noon, the oath of office was administered to Mr. Dunne by Chief Justice Frank K. Dinn.

In the evening the usual formal public reception was held at the governor's mansion. No invitations were issued, and the affair was open to all who desired to attend.

20,000 IN RIOT AT CHURCH

Women Madly Battle Each Other in Effort to Hear Evangelist Sunday Preach the Gospel.

Columbus, O., Feb. 1.—Twenty thousand women battled with each other, battled with policemen, and were beaten, and bruised, and crushed in an effort here Friday to get into the tabernacle where Rev. W. A. Sunday, the baseball evangelist, was conducting a revival, in which more than five thousand persons were converted.

Women fought with umbrellas and with hats, policemen used their clubs. A score of women fainted, hundreds suffered injuries in being jostled against each other and against the building, and a dozen policemen received scratches and bruises. One cripple was badly hurt. A door was torn from the building and fell on to the mob surging around it. The tabernacle holds ten thousand; as many as got into the building were forced to turn away. It was a meeting for women only and drew the biggest crowd that has yet attended the services.

HARRY LAUDER NEAR DEATH

Private Car Is Crushed by Collision Just as Comedian and Family Leave It.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 31.—Harry Lauder, his wife and his entire company missed instant death by a minute here Wednesday when Lauder's private car, the Mayflower, was wrecked in the Lake Shore depot by a rear-end collision. The Scotch comedian and his party had just stepped out of the car to proceed to the theater when train No. 45, a heavy through passenger, ran through an open switch and smashed into the Mayflower, tearing the palace car to kindling wood.

WAR RESUMED

ALLIES IMMEDIATELY OPEN FIRE ON THE TURKS AT EXPIRATION OF TWO MONTHS.

Sultan Must Meet Every Demand of Enemies or Take Chance of Being Driven Out of Europe.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. London.—They're off in the Balkan war. Hostilities were resumed at Adrianople and Tchatalla, according to official dispatches from Constantinople. The combined Bulgarian and Serbian forces before Adrianople opened fire on the fort promptly. The order to fire ran quickly along the artillery positions, and a heavy bombardment is in progress. The cavalry and infantry are advancing to the outer forts. A small skirmish took place at the Tchatalla lines. The armistice, which has expired, had lasted exactly two months. Bulgaria has turned a deaf ear to the remonstrances of the powers, and unless Turkey yields to the Balkan demands the allied armies now will attempt to drive her completely from Europe.

WOULD-BE ASSASSIN DIES.

Trenton, N. J.—James J. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor, of New York, nearly two years ago at Hoboken, N. J., died at the New Jersey State Hospital for the Insane in this city. Death was due to paralysis. He had been at the state hospital since January 18, 1912, having been transferred there from the New Jersey state prison, where he had been sentenced to serve 12 years.

RIOT PREVAILS IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Pa.—A small, but determined section of Philadelphia mutinied when a motorman and conductor tried to enforce the new ordinance of the health board against spitting or carrying lighted cigars or cigarettes into cars.

Washington.—Hollow Horn Bear, of South Dakota, an Indian chief, and the original of the picture of the Indian on the five-dollar treasury certificate, has written to the inaugural committee, through Senator Gamble, of South Dakota, expressing a desire to attend the inauguration.

St. Smith, Ark.—Otis Davidson, convicted at Harrison, Ark., for the murder of Ella Barham, was sentenced to hang March 21. An appeal to the supreme court being granted, the execution will be stayed until the highest tribunal grants a hearing.

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Wheat—No. 2 red \$1.12@1.14, No. 3 red \$1.05@1.11, No. 4 red \$0.96@1.03. Corn—No. 2 white \$0.55@0.56, No. 3 white \$0.54@0.55, No. 4 white \$0.51@0.52, No. 2 yellow \$0.52@0.54, No. 3 yellow \$0.51@0.52, No. 4 yellow \$0.49@0.51, No. 2 mixed \$0.51@0.54, No. 3 mixed \$0.50@0.51, No. 4 mixed \$0.49@0.51, mixed ear \$0.51@0.54. Oats—No. 2 white \$0.27@0.28, standard white \$0.26@0.27, No. 3 \$0.25@0.26, No. 4 white \$0.24@0.25, No. 3 mixed \$0.24@0.25, No. 4 mixed \$0.23@0.24. Hay—No. 1 timothy \$17@17.50, standard timothy \$16@16.25, No. 2 timothy \$12.50@13, No. 1 clover mixed \$14.50@15, No. 2 clover mixed \$13@14, No. 1 clover \$13@13.50, No. 2 clover \$10@11. Poultry—Hens, heavy (5 lbs and over) 14½¢, light 14¢, young stages 7¢, roosters 11¢, old roosters 10¢, springers (3 lbs and under) 18¢, springers (over 3 lbs) 14½¢, ducks (4 lbs and over) 17½¢, white (under 4 lbs) 16¢, turkeys (8 lbs and over) 20¢, turkeys, young (under 8 lbs) 10¢@12¢; turkeys, toms 18¢, culls 8¢; geese 11¢@12¢. Eggs—Prime firsts 23¢, firsts 22¢, ordinary firsts 20¢, seconds 16¢. Cattle—Steady to strong on light butcher cattle, heifers and cows; slow and barely steady on steer cattle. Shippers \$4.50@4.75; butcher steers, extra \$7.75@8, good to choice \$6.75@7.50, common to fair \$4.75@5.50; heifers, extra \$7.25@7.50, good to choice \$6.25@6.90, common to fair \$4.50@5; cows, extra \$6.85@7, good to choice \$5.35@5.75, common to fair \$3.75@5.25; canners \$2.50@4. Bulls—Steady to strong. Bologna \$5.50@6.40, extra \$6.50, fat bulls \$6.25@6.75. Calves—Steady. Extra \$10, fair to good \$7.50@10, common and large \$5.50@9.50. Hogs—Active and 5c higher. Selected heavy \$7.80@7.85, good to choice packers and butchers \$7.80@7.85, mixed packers \$7.75@7.85, stages \$4.25@6.65, extra \$6.75, common to choice heavy fat sows \$5.25@6.90, extra \$7, light shippers \$7.50@7.85; pigs (110 lbs and less) \$5.50@7.50. Sheep—Steady. Extra \$5, good to choice \$4.60@4.90, common to fair \$2.50@4.50. Lambs—Slow and weak to a shade lower. Extra \$8.75@9, good to choice \$8.50@8.75, common to fair \$5.50@8.40, yearlings \$4.97.